

7984. Misbranding of The "3 Days" Cure. U. S. * * * v. 13 Bottles of The "3 Days" Cure. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 10578. I. S. Nos. 7891-r, 7892-r. S. No. C-1288.)

On June 16, 1919, the United States attorney for the District of Indiana, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel for the seizure and condemnation of 13 bottles of The "3 Days" Cure, remaining unsold in the original unbroken packages at Indianapolis, Ind., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about February 19, 1919, by The "3 Days" Cure Co., Washington, D. C., and transported from the District of Columbia into the State of Indiana, and charging misbranding under the Food and Drugs Act, as amended. The article was labeled in part, "The '3 Days' Cure."

Analysis of a sample of the product by the Bureau of Chemistry of this department showed that the contents of the capsules consisted essentially of powdered cubebs and copaiba balsam.

Misbranding of the articles was alleged in substance in the libel for the reason that the statements regarding the curative and therapeutic effects thereof, appearing on the labels and in the circulars accompanying the article, falsely and fraudulently represented that the article was a treatment, remedy, and cure for gonorrhœa, gleet, and inflammation in the urethral canal, when, in truth and in fact, it was not.

On January 2, 1920, no claimant having appeared for the property, a default decree of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and on February 24, 1920, it was ordered by the court that the article be destroyed by the United States marshal.

E. D. BALL, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

7985. Misbranding of Cu-Co-Ba "Tarrant" and Compound Extract of Cubebs with Copaiba. U. S. * * * v. 140 Packages of Cu-Co-Ba "Tarrant," and 70 Packages of Compound Extract of Cubebs with Copaiba. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product ordered released under bond. (F. & D. No. 10597. I. S. Nos. 2869-r, 2870-r. S. No. W-416.)

On June 23, 1919, the United States attorney for the District of Colorado, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel for the seizure and condemnation of 140 packages of Cu-Co-Ba "Tarrant," and 70 packages of Compound Extract of Cubebs with Copaiba, remaining unsold in the original unbroken packages at Denver, Colo., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about August 15, 1918, and December 14, 1918, and transported from the State of New York into the State of Colorado, and charging misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, as amended. The articles were labeled in part, "Cu-Co-Ba 'Tarrant'" and "Compound Extract of Cubebs with Copaiba."

Analyses of samples of the products by the Bureau of Chemistry of this department showed that the Cu-Co-Ba "Tarrant" consisted essentially of a mixture of copaiba balsam and oleoresin of cubebs, and that the Compound Extract of Cubebs with Copaiba consisted of a plastic mass containing the extractives of cubebs and copaiba with magnesium oxid.

Misbranding of the articles was alleged in substance in the libel for the reason that the statements regarding the curative and therapeutic effects thereof, appearing on the labels and in the circulars accompanying the articles, falsely and fraudulently represented that the articles were a treatment, remedy, and cure for lesions of the mucous surfaces, excessive and annoying discharges, inflammations and irritations of the bladder, kidneys, prostate, urethra, and